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Predstavitev nove evropske direktive o kakovosti zraka

May 27th, 2025

FINE AND ULTRAFINE PARTICLES MONITORING IN URBAN AREAS

On the Road to Improved Air Quality

Tomas Prokop – Area Manager, Palas GmbH

Agenda

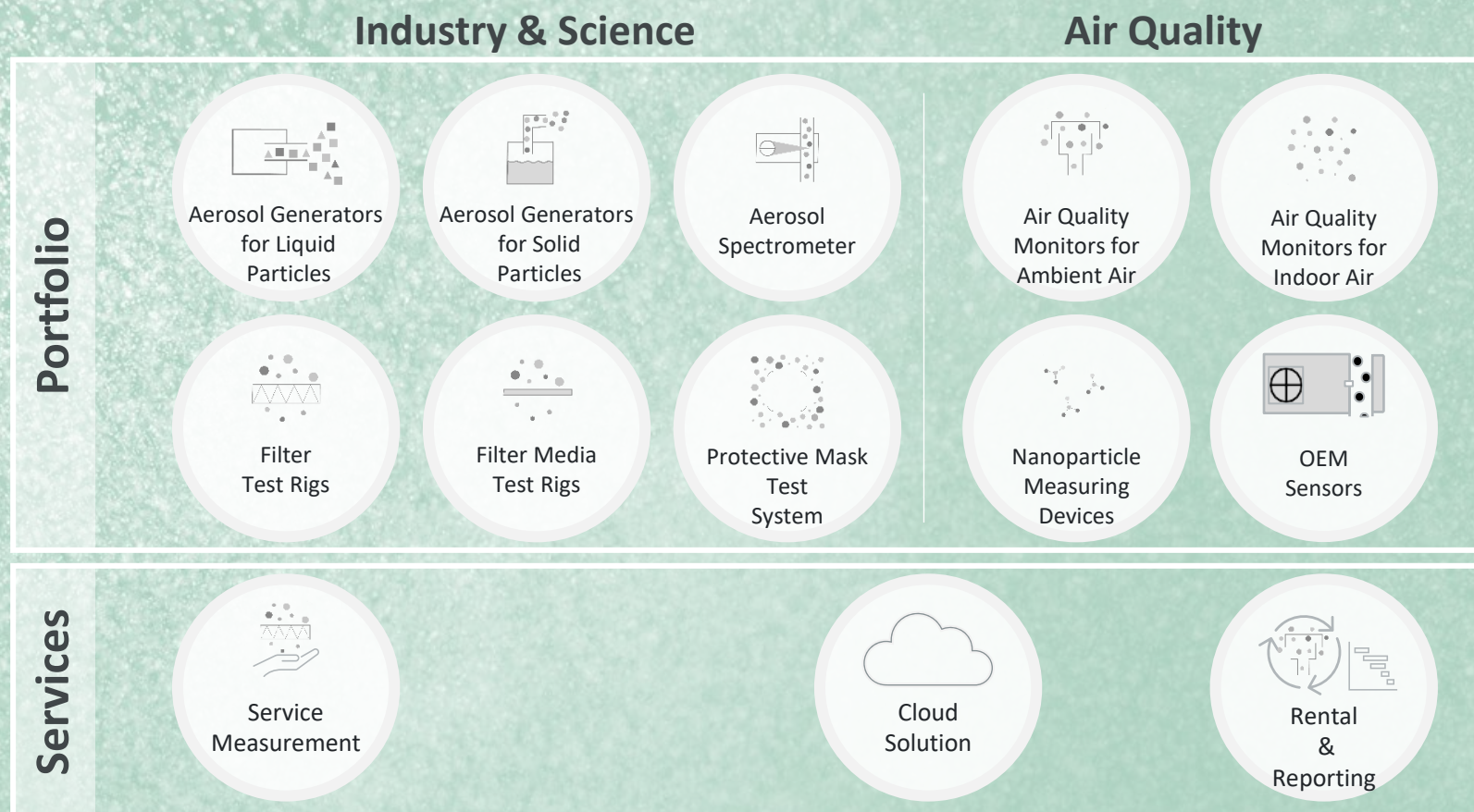
- 01** Palas at a Glance
- 02** Road to Improved Air Quality
- 03** Urban Air Quality Monitoring
- 04** How Palas Technology Could Help

1

Palas at a Glance

Palas at a Glance

Palas GmbH is a leading developer and manufacturer of high-precision devices for the **generation, measurement, and characterization of particles in air.**



Founded 1983



Headquarters in
Karlsruhe, Germany



~ 100 Employees



ISO 9001:2015

Regulatory Monitoring of PM_x

Experts for Aerosols in the Environment

More than 5,000 systems dedicated to regulatory air quality monitoring, situated at different climate zones and altitudes in more than 40 countries, are currently operative in governmental networks for PM limit observation

- US/EU regulatory AQM: ca 50% market share



2

Road to Improved Air Quality

Rising Global Initiatives

EUROPE - new European Ambient Air Quality Directive (EAAQD) - International Context



Urgent actions needed

Revised limit recommendations

Increasing No. of Monitors in general

Increasing number of PM_{2.5} location

UFP-Monitoring

BC Monitoring



Urgent actions needed



- Lower limits for PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} and NO₂
- Right to sew authorities to meet the limits



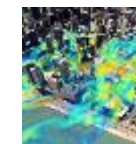
- Request to measure UFP



- Request to measure Black Carbon



- More PM_{2.5} stations
- More stations

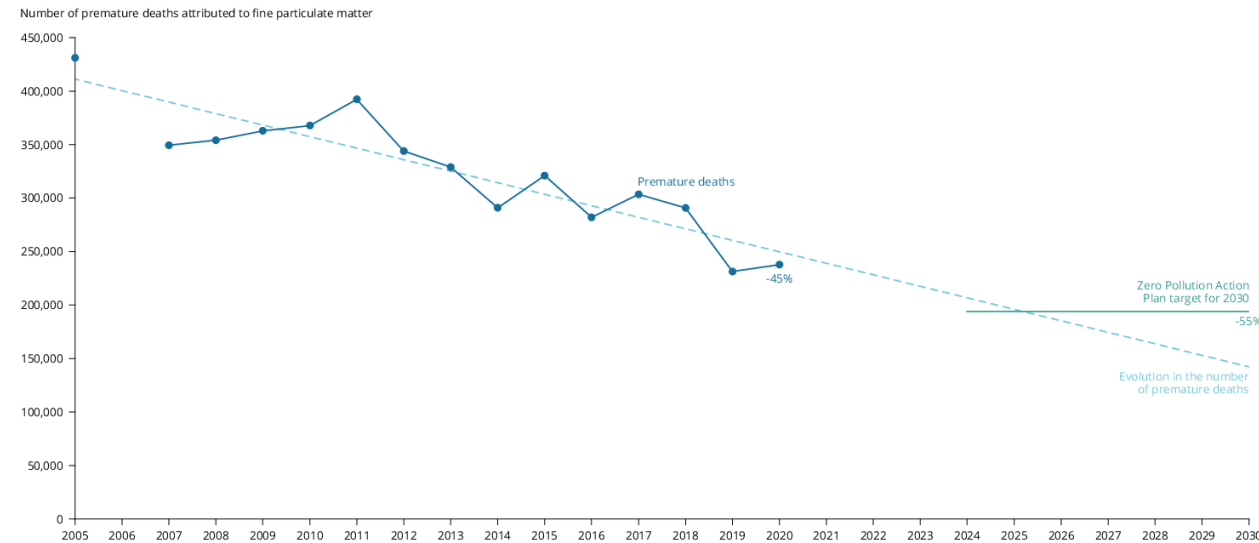


- Usage of indicative sensors in hybrid grids
- Dispersion modelling

... and more

Progress Towards Zero Pollution – Fine Particulate Matter

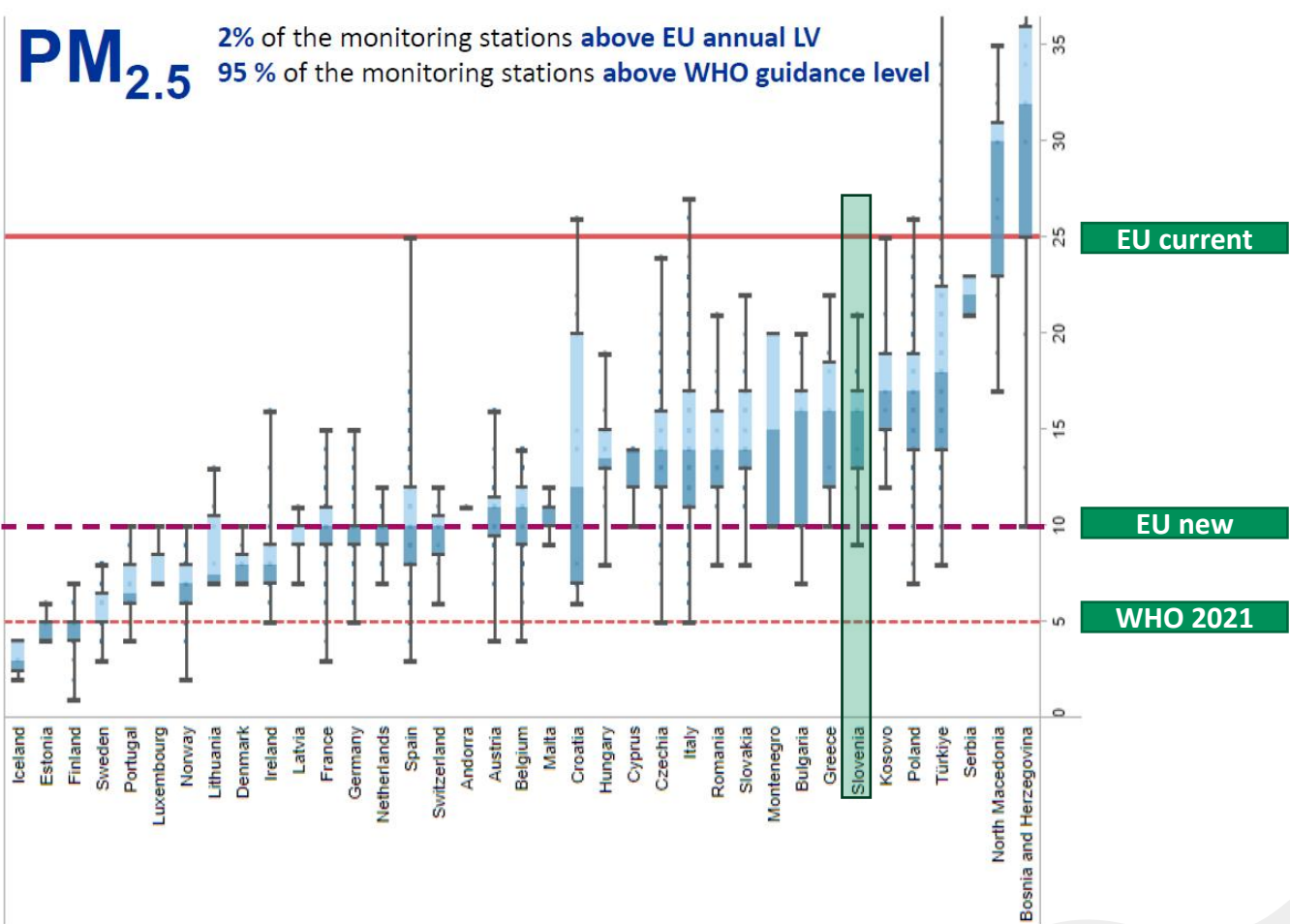
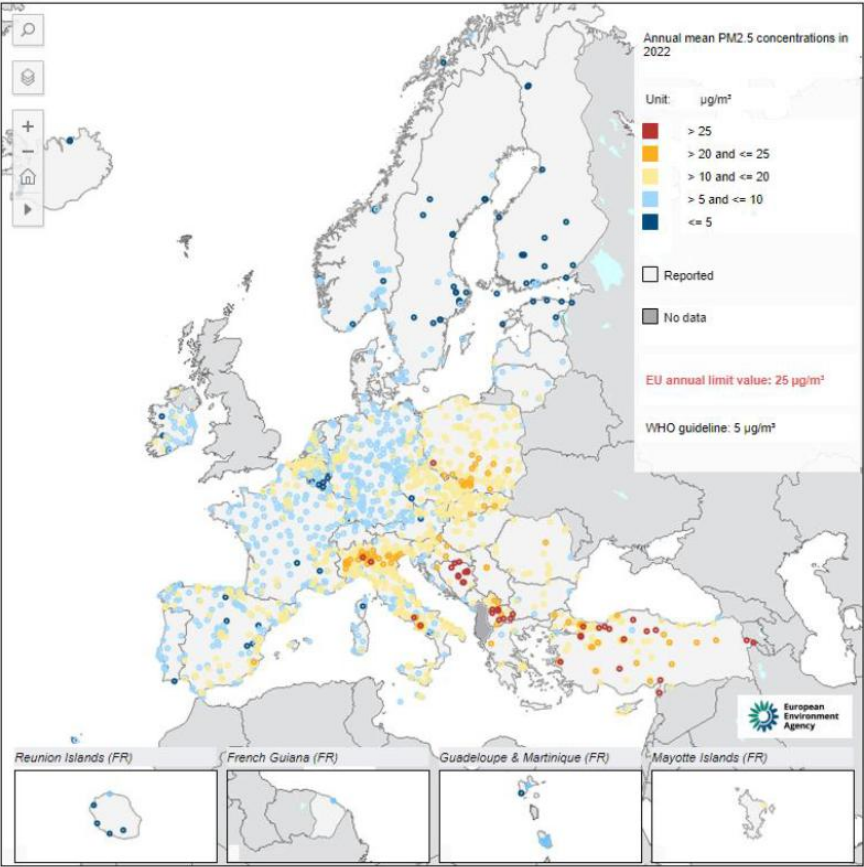
- EU has implemented a **Clean Air Policy**, where the majority focus on **reducing NO₂ and PM levels**
- Fine dust (**PM_{2.5}**) is considered as **dominant air pollutant**, where exposures to PM_{2.5} in the EU have **fallen by 45%** since 2005
- EU is on track to reach **55% reduction level by 2030**
- **Further efforts needed** to reach the pollution level no longer considered harmful to health by 2050
- Need to tackle air pollution **at its source**



Source: European Environmental Agency – Air Pollution and Health, 2022

Where is air pollution (still) a problem in EU?

PM_{2.5} (2022)



Source: The revised Ambient Air Quality Directive, Thomas Henrichs, Deputy Head of the Clean Air & Urban Policy Unit (European Commission), AQF 2025

WHO Air Quality Guidelines 2021

Interim Targets Projections - Germany

- Exceedance of WHO AQG Levels and Interim Targets at German Monitoring sites in 2020

EU 2030*

German Environmental Agency, June 2022: “We consider a binding long-term limit value in the range of Interim Target 4 for PM_{2.5} (10 µg/m³) as **feasible**.

For PM₁₀ the AQG Level (15 µg/m³) would be attainable with **additional effort**, e.g. addressing residential heating by wood firing.”

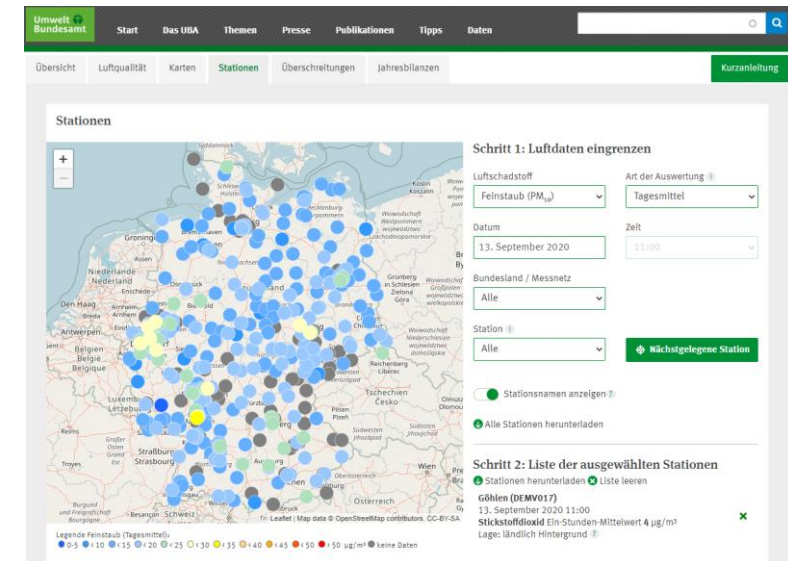
Pollutant		Share of Stations in exceedance				
		Interim Target 1	Interim Target 2	Interim Target 3	Interim Target 4	AQG Level
PM _{2.5}	Annual mean	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 35 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 25 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 15 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>14%</div></div> <div>> 10 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>99%</div></div> <div>> 5 µg/m³</div>
	24 h ^a mean	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 75 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 50 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>2%</div></div> <div>> 37.5 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>78%</div></div> <div>> 25 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>99.5%</div></div> <div>> 15 µg/m³</div>
PM ₁₀	Annual mean	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 70 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 50 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 30 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>5%</div></div> <div>> 20 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>36%</div></div> <div>> 15 µg/m³</div>
	24 h ^a mean	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 150 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 100 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>0%</div></div> <div>> 75 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>7%</div></div> <div>> 50 µg/m³</div>	<div><div></div><div>16%</div></div> <div>> 45 µg/m³</div>

Scientific Opinion Paper – Considerations on the Revision of the AAQD 2008/50 EU (German Environment Agency, June 2022)

Particulate Matter Monitoring in Urban Areas

Current Situation - Germany

- **Germany** - according to the station database of the Umweltbundesamt ¹⁾ in all networks of the states - in total
 - **379 active stations** measuring PM_{10}
 - **224 active stations** measuring $PM_{2.5}$
 - **1 active station** measuring PM_1
- According to a study ²⁾ for the European Parliament, **Germany, France, Austria, Italy and Poland are fully compliant with the minimum requirements of the European Regulations** ³⁾
- Top 23 German cities (> 250,000 inhabitants), except Berlin and Hamburg (which are states), must develop **clean air plans and mitigation strategies** based on the information only from three PM measurement stations in average – **is it based on sufficient information?**



1) <https://www.env-it.de/stationen/public/searchLookupDispatch.do> sowie <https://www.umweltbundesamt.de/daten/luft/luftdaten/stationen>

2) „Repräsentativität und Vergleichbarkeit von Messungen gemäß der Richtlinie 2008/50/EG über Luftqualität und saubere Luft für Europa“, Christian NAGL, Wolfgang SPANGL und Iris BUXBAUM PE 631.055 - Juli 2019

3) RICHTLINIE 2008/50/EG DES EUROPÄISCHEN PARLAMENTS UND DES RATES vom 21. Mai 2008 über Luftqualität und saubere Luft für Europa

4) Statistisches Bundesamt, Bericht September 2020

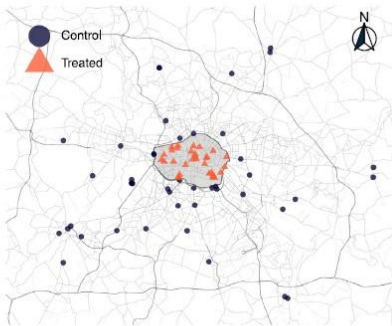
3

Urban Air Quality Monitoring

EU Mission: Climate-Neutral and Smart Cities by 2030

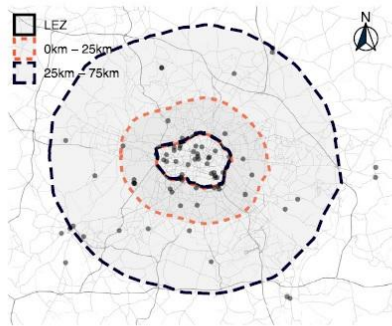
- **Municipalities** are enforcing the environmental zones to **reduce air pollution** in the environmentally sensitive urban areas, and **meeting the** national and international **ambitious targets** (EAAQD - Air Quality Plans, Air Quality Roadmaps)
- Urban air pollution mitigation strategies are based on **reduction of traffic emissions (LEZ/ZEZ)**, and **limitation of fossil fuels burning** as a part of the Clean Air Action Plan
- Monitoring of air quality in those critical zones is to play key role, and we need to accelerate and expand policy interventions to **eliminate PM_{2.5} and UFP emissions**
- Actual input data (stationary AQMS) considered are **without any local specific data available** – indicative solutions to be used (spatial and temporal resolution)

L. Sarmiento et al.



(a) Raw

Journal of Public Economics 227 (2023) 105014

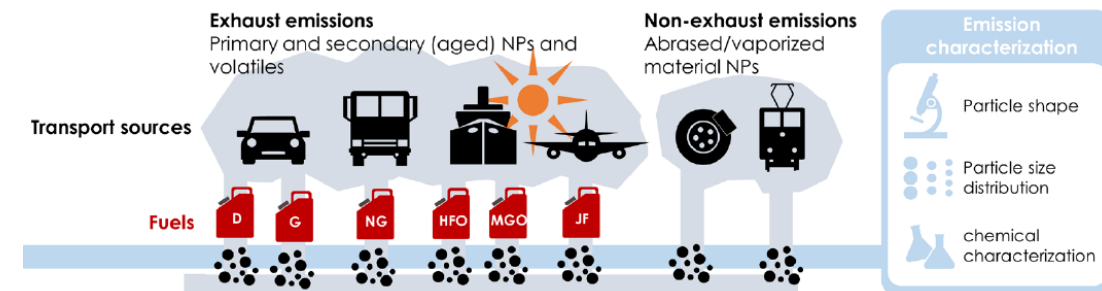
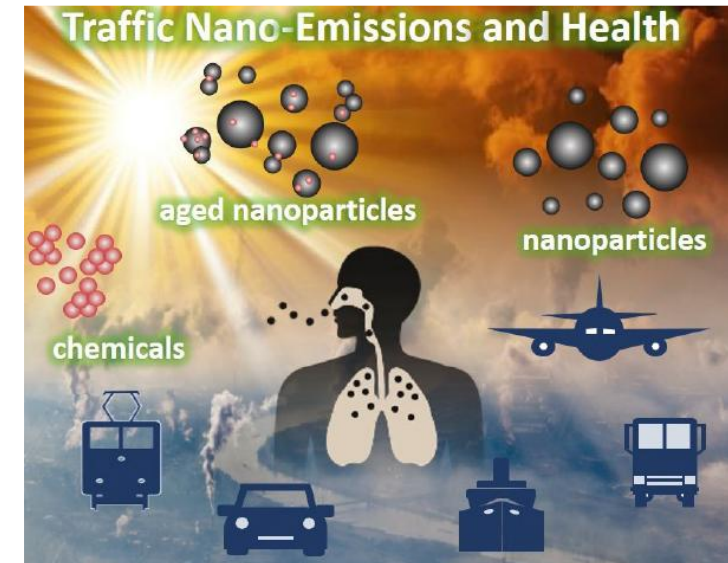


(b) Spatial Restrictions

Pollutant	Averaging time	EU current	EU 2030	WHO 2005	WHO 2021
PM _{2.5} µg/m ³	Annual	25*	10	10	5
	24 hour	-	25	25	15
PM ₁₀ µg/m ³	Annual	40	20	20	15
	24 hour	50	45	50	45

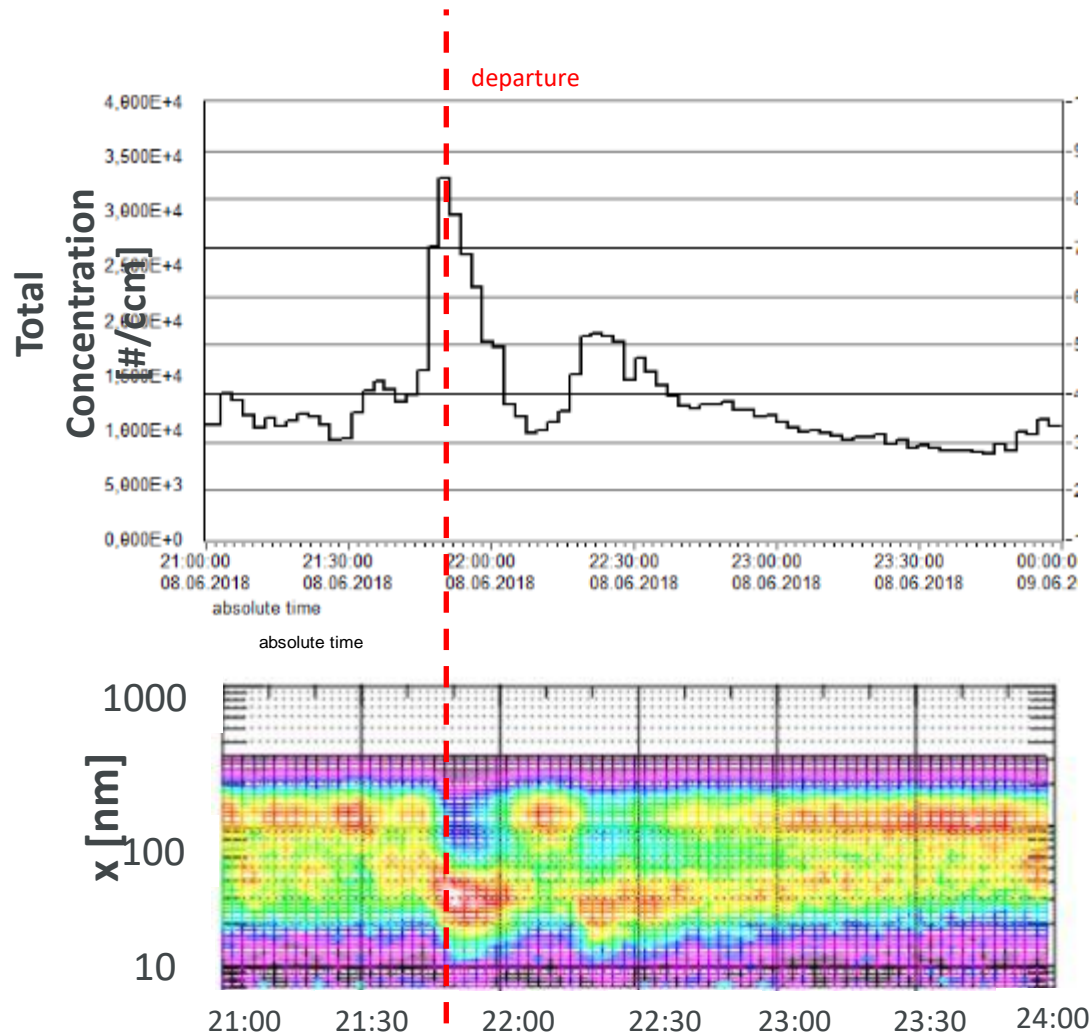
Emerging Ultrafine Particles Pollution

- We can clearly see raise of public awareness of the associations between high air pollution, incl. Ultrafine Particles (UFP, ≥ 10 nm), and health risks related
- **UFP monitoring** is becoming **part of AQ monitoring** in EU (EAAQD – UFP-stations & Urban/Rural Supersites)
- There is the lack of an established national ambient air monitoring network for ultrafine particles
- Priority monitoring at locations **where high concentrations of UFP occur** that are mainly influenced by sources from air, water or road transport (seaports, airports ...), industrial sites or domestic fossil fuel burning



Source: Ultrafine particles from transportation – Health Assessment of Sources, ULTRHAS, 2021

UFP Monitoring at Hotspots (Air-/Sea-Ports)



WHO/2021 – 20,000 P/cm^3 to be considered as high concentration value of UFP (1h AVG)

Urban areas – 10,000 – 100,000 P/cm^3 (daily AVG 2,000 – 10,000 P/cm^3)

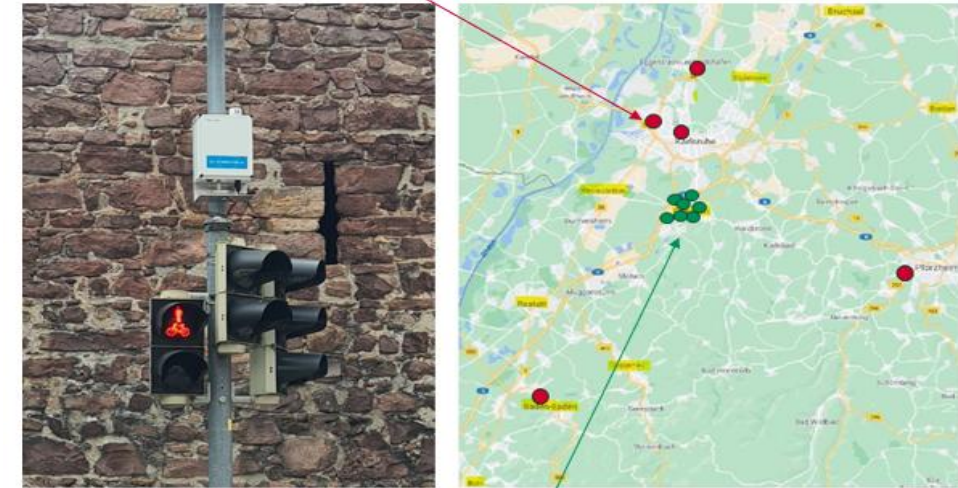


Impact of Residential Real-World Wood Stove Operation

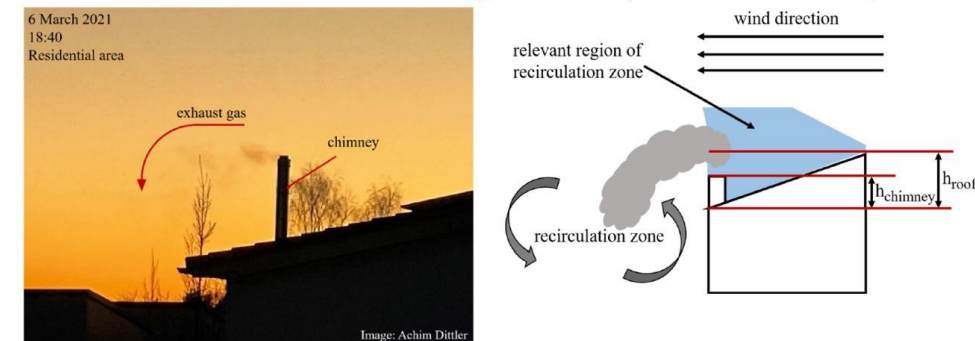
PM_x and UFPs Measurements in a Residential Areas

- Several KIT studies to **investigate the local ambient particle concentration (PM/UFP) in an urban, sub-urban and residential areas** close to Karlsruhe during summer/winter seasons
- In the winter months, the particulate matter pollution is dominated by **wood-fired heating systems** at residential areas (based on levoglucosan tracing), where a similar PM level observed as in large cities (with pre-dominant traffic pollution)
- Fuel and boiler quality (old/new) as key factors behind related to the combustion conditions, where increased air pollution concentrations measured also related to **improperly installed chimney** - exhaust gas to remain in a recirculation zone (low level chimneys – horizontal flows)
- High dependance on meteorological/dispersion conditions

Reference Regulatory Monitoring Stations (Fidas® 200)



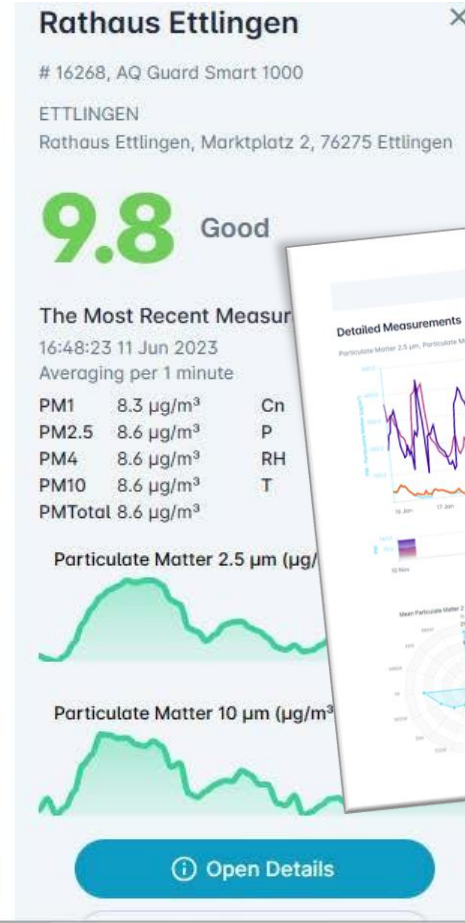
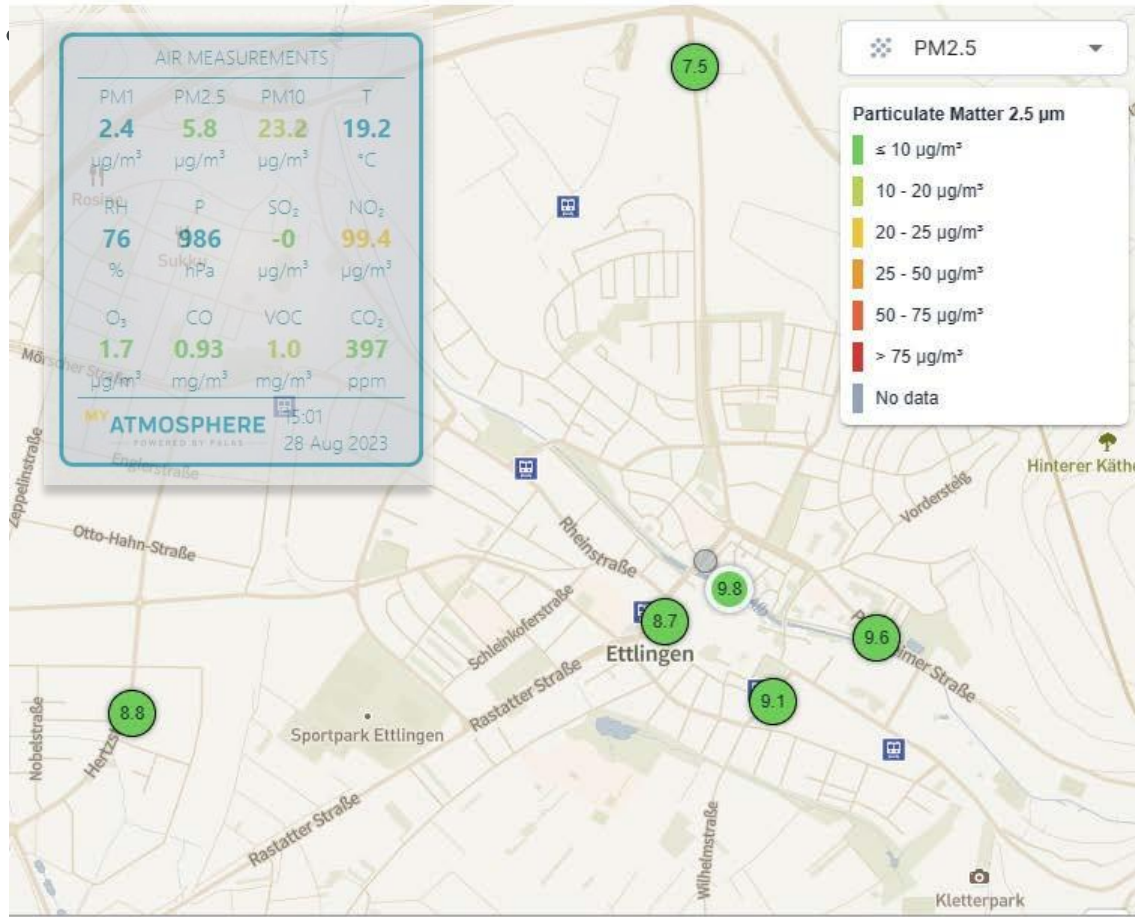
Indicative Monitoring Stations (AQ Guard Smart)



Source: Dittler, A. et al., Impact of Residential Real-World Wood Stove Operation on Air Quality concerning PM_{2.5} Immission. Processes 2022

Public Access to Real Time Data Is Needed

Data Visualization and Presentation - Online Data Platforms - “MyAtmosphere”



<https://www.ettlingen.de/entwickeln/digitalisierung/sensorik/umweltsensorik>

4

How Palas® Technology Could Help

Palas® Technology

Air Quality Monitors (reference/equivalent)



Fidas® 200

Certified devices
specially for regulatory
monitoring of ambient
air



Fidas® Smart

Compact certified
devices specially for
regulatory monitoring
of ambient air



AQ Guard Smart

Optimized for harsh
environments
supported by emerging
gas measurements (e.g.,
NO₂, O₃) or UFP



ECoB

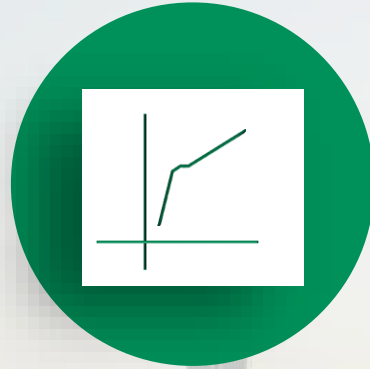
Indicative measurement
solution connected via
Bosch Cloud Service for
monitoring of PM_x, CO,
NO₂, SO₂, and O₃

Palas® Technology

What distinguishes our technology from our competitors



- On-site calibration
- Highly effective and proven technology



- High res. particle size distribution available
- Self-Monitoring (channel deviation, tightness)



- Fast setup
- Flexible solution for all applications
- No additional computer necessary



- Low service demand
- Lowest total cost of ownership

Palas® Technology

Fidas® 200/E/S as Reference (EN 16450 Certified)

- Fidas® Series - more than 5,000 systems dedicated to regulatory air quality monitoring (**50% market share**)
- **Simultaneous and continuous measurement** of TSP, PM₁₀, PM₄, PM_{2.5}, PM₁, and also particle size distribution **in real-time** (1 sec time resolution)
- **Intelligent aerosol drying system** allows measurement independent of humidity and amount of semi-volatiles
- High data availability: Measuring cycle 60/60min, 99% annual data availability. **Redundant sampling system with two pumps**
- **Unique on-site calibration** by calibration standard
- Continuous **self-diagnostic** and status reporting
- **Built-in computer** – no extra datalogger needed



Palas® Technology

Fidas® Smart 100 as Transfer Standard (EN 16450 Certified)

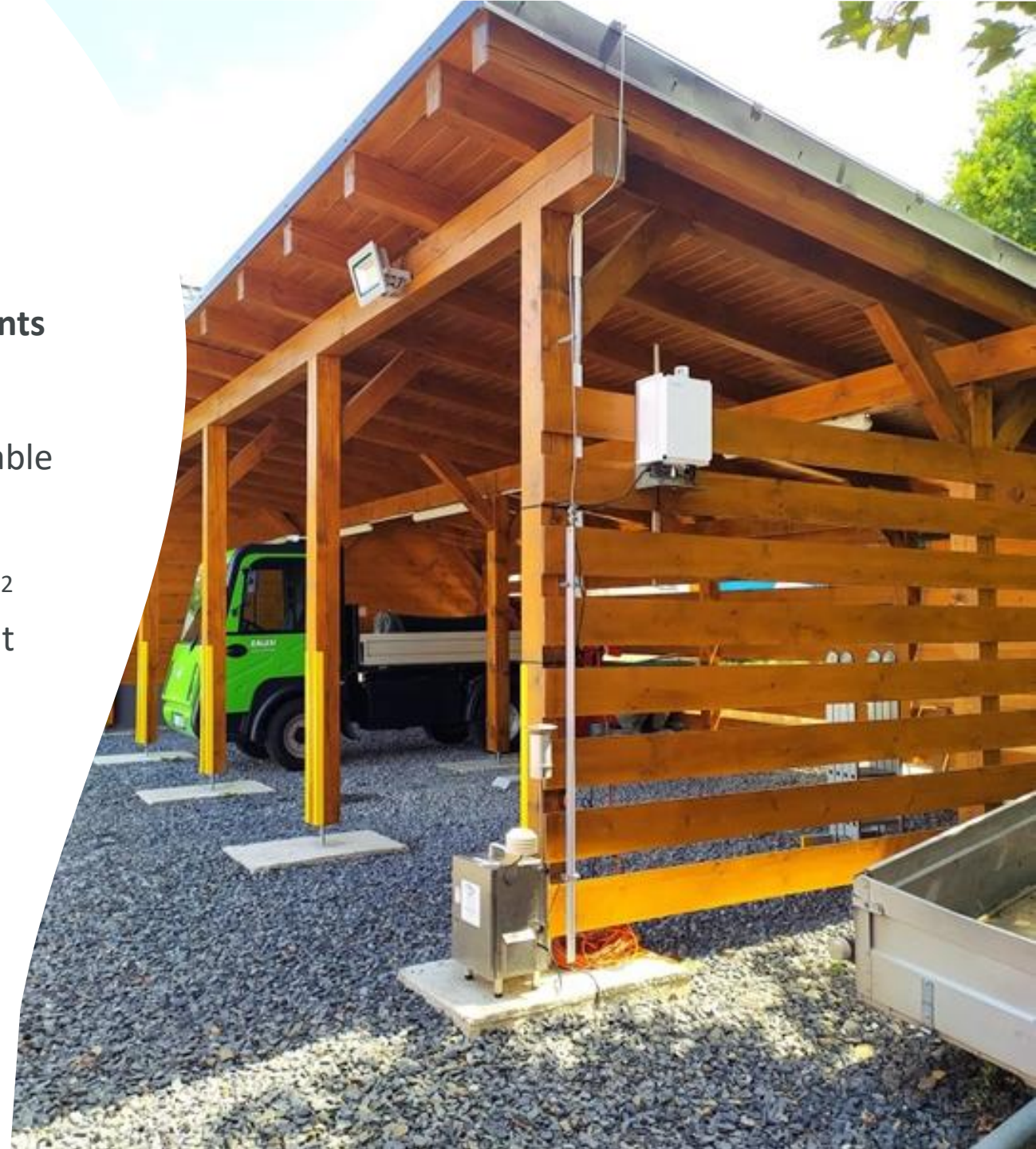
- Fidas® Smart 100 **standalone device** requires no infrastructure except power (AC or 12V DC)
- **Precise optical technology** & signal evaluation derived from Fidas® System, the most frequently used PM monitor (EU)
- Simultaneous and continuous measurement of TSP, PM₁₀, PM₄, PM_{2.5}, PM₁, and also particle size distribution in real-time (1 sec time resolution)
- Intelligent aerosol drying system allows measurement independent of humidity and amount of semi-volatiles
- Unique on-site calibration by calibration standard
- Continuous self-diagnostic and status reporting
- Built-in computer – no extra datalogger needed
- **Low cost of ownership & energy consumption**



Palas® Technology

AQ Guard Smart as Near-Reference

- Near reference quality & simultaneous PM measurements
- New, efficient **temperature regulated inlet**
- **Fidas® derived** optical module, incl. unique onsite traceable **calibration features** (calibration standard included)
- Optional gas sensor measurements SO₂, NO₂, O₃, CO, CO₂
- External sensor for T/rH/p, optionally wind measurement
- Housing IP66/IK09/NEMA 4X in polyester/polycarbonate
- Ready for wall/pole/tripod mounting
- Cloud based data storage & management (MyAtm.)
- Instant and intuitive data visualization
- **Attractive pricing**
- **Dedicated UFP Monitoring – AQ Guard Smart 2000**



Palas® Technology

ECoB as Low-Cost Sensor Solution

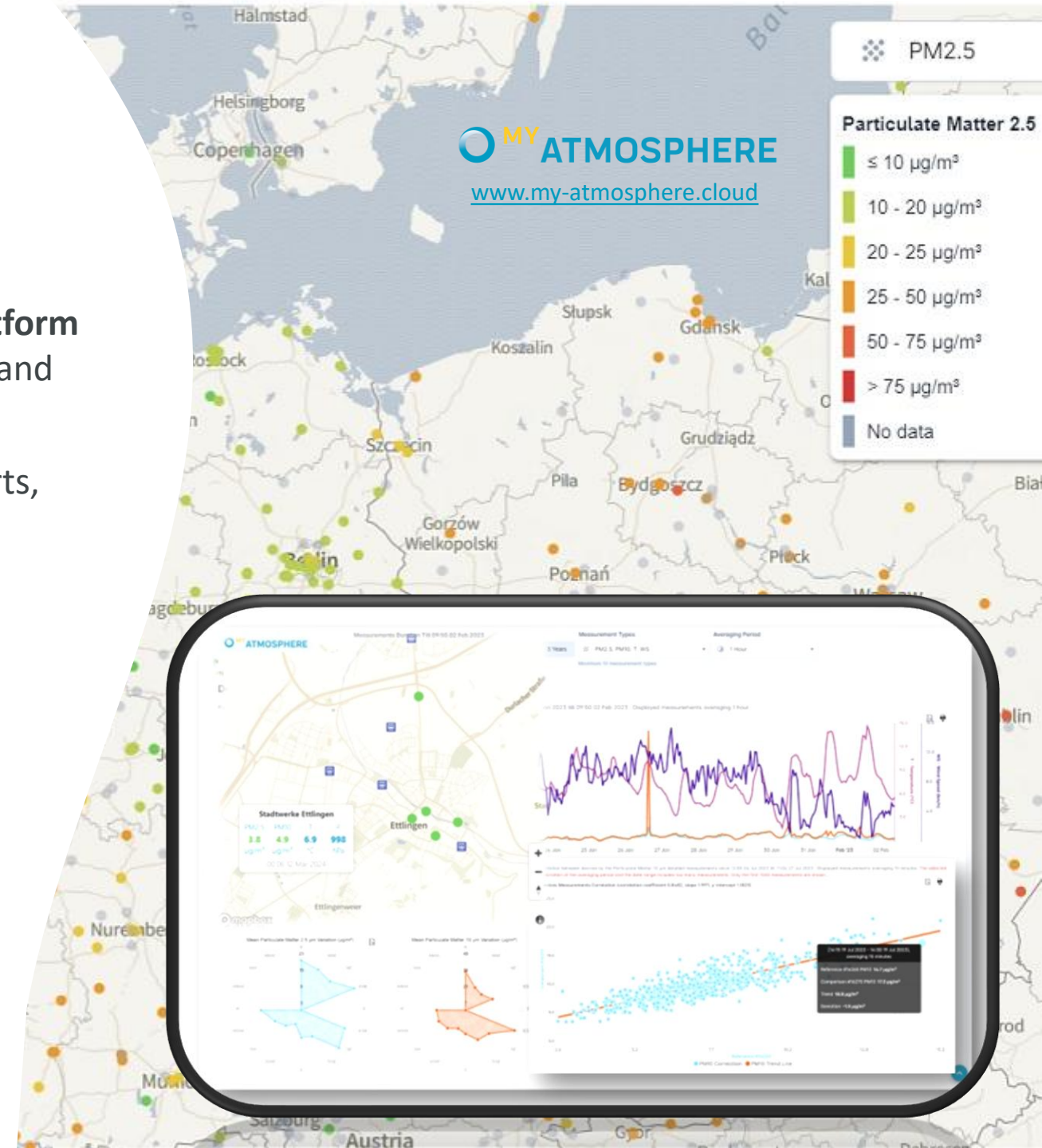
- **Environmental Communication Box (ECoB)** by Palas in cooperation with Bosch
 - Laser based particle monitoring of PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, PM_{10}
 - Integrated sensors for SO_2 , NO_2 , O_3 , CO
 - Sensors for T/rH/p integrated
 - Rugged plastic housing lightweight for outdoor use
 - Ready for wall/pole/tripod mounting
- **Extensive factory calibration** against reference systems for best agreement, accuracy and precise data
- **Continuous validation** of the data via the Bosch Cloud Services
- Possible Integration into **Bosch Mobility Solutions & Traffic Management Systems**



Palas® Technology

MyAtmosphere as Online Digital Platform

- Online **Data Management, Visualization & Analysis Platform** supporting data harmonization, validation, aggregation and correction processes
- Different types of **data visualization and reporting** (charts, wind/concentration roses, interactive map, ...)
- **Data comparison** of up to 5 stations, **correlation** plots
- Various formats of **export data**, including real-time data streams, Website Data Widgets, OData Feed and other
- Device **status management** and **self-diagnostic** feat.
- Advanced **account management**, MetaData records
- **API communication** support (multiple platforms)
- Live-DEMO available – **just REGISTER**, please!



Rental & Reporting

Your Rental Service for Environmental Monitoring Technology

Choose the device that is right for you

- AQ Guard Smart System
- Fidas® Smart System

How do you want to manage your data?

- MyAtmosphere Cloud

For how long will you need the devices?

- Package S: <4 weeks
- Package M: >4 weeks, <12 months
- Package XL: >12 month, <36 months

Can we offer you additional services

- API for MyAtmosphere Cloud
- Standardized weekly or monthly report
- Training

Applications

Overview



NETWORK WITH ROADS, RAILS & PORTS



SMART CITY APPLICATIONS



OPEN PIT MINING & LANDFILLS



CONSTRUCTION SITES



INDUSTRY



NATURAL RISK AREAS

Air Quality Forum 2025

EU Ambient Air Quality Directive (2024/2881)



Understanding Europe's New Air Quality Rules

Webinar Series

Air Quality Forum 2025 – Webinar Series

Have You Missed the Air Quality Forum?

We decided to offer a webinar series giving you the chance to revisit the key presentations and insights.

There will also be an additional webinar on our solutions for the new air quality directive.

10.06.2025: Thomas Henrichs, Deputy Head of the Clean Air & Urban Policy Unit (European Commission)

11.06.2025: Rosamund Adoo-Kissi-Debrah, J. K. Smith (Ella Roberta Foundation)

17.06.2025: Anna-L. Franke (Deutsche Umwelthilfe e.V)

18.06.2025: Emma Bud (ClientEarth): Legal Obligations and Opportunities for Cities

***25.06.2025:** Dr. Stefan Hoge Kamp: AAQD Directive (EU) 2024/2881

<https://count.palas.de/airqualityforum/air-quality-forum-webinars/>



Our products monitor fine and ultra-fine particulates wherever it matters.



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